

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identification: ICP-MS-MCS Solution A
 MSDS Number: ICP-MS-MCS Solution A
 Recommended Use: For Laboratory Use.
 Company Identification: High-Purity Standards
 P.O. Box 41727
 Charleston, SC 29423
 Telephone: (843) 767-7900
 FAX: (843) 767-7906

In case of emergency call INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

Section 2. Hazard Identification

Classification:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1B

Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation, Category 1

Labeling:**Symbol:**

Signal Word: Danger.

Hazard Statement: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary Statement: Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 3. Composition

Component	CAS/EINECS Registry #	Percent Concentration
Aluminum	7429-90-5/ 231-072-3	0.1
Ammonium Acetate (NH ₄ C ₂ H ₃ O ₂)	631-61-8/212-162-9	0.2 (as C)
Ammonium Chloride (NH ₄ Cl)	12125-02-9/ 235-186-4	0.72 (as Cl)
Antimony	7440-36-0/231-146-5	0.002
Beryllium Acetate (Be ₄ O(C ₂ H ₃ O ₂) ₆)	19049-40-2/242-785-4	0.002 (as Be)
Chromium	7440-47-3/231-157-5	0.002
Magnesium	7439-95-4/231-104-6	0.1
Manganese Acetate Tetrahydrate (Mn(CH ₃ CO ₂) ₂)*4H ₂ O	6156-78-1/211-334-3	0.1 (as Mn)
Nickel	7440-02-0/231-111-4	0.002
Sodium Carbonate (Na ₂ CO ₃)	497-19-8/207-838-8	0.1 (as Na)
Sulfuric Acid (H ₂ SO ₄)	7664-93-9/321-639-5	0.1 (as S)

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Titanium	7440-32-6/231-142-3	0.002
Ammonium Metavanadate (NH ₄ VO ₃)	7803-55-6/232-261-3	0.002 (as V)
Zinc	7440-66-6/231-175-3	0.002
Nitric Acid	7697-37-2/ 231-714-2	2
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3/231-634-8	0.05
Water, deionized	7732-18-5/ 231-791-2	Balance

Section 4. First Aid Measures

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Rub calcium gluconate gel immediately to skin.

Obtain medical assistance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, teeth, and skeletal system.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire & Explosion hazards: While nitric acid is not combustible, it is a strong oxidizing agent that can react with combustible materials; however, it is present in limited quantities in this solution. NO_x compounds can be released in case of fire. Hydrofluoric acid may ignite or explode on contact with combustible materials.

Extinguishing Media: Use any extinguishing media that is suitable for the surrounding area. Use a water spray to dilute nitric acid and to absorb liberated nitrogen oxides.

Specific Methods: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Do not allow to enter drainage systems or water ways. Dike area and dilute spill with water and neutralize with soda ash, limestone, etc. Place the neutralized material into containers suitable for eventual disposal, reclamation, or destruction. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Refer to Section 8 for personal handling instructions.

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Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep any buildup of airborne contaminants below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure the availability of eyewash stations and safety showers.

Respiratory Protection: Provide approved respiratory apparatus for non-routine or emergency use. Use an approved vapor respirator when the vapor or mist concentrations are high. If necessary, refer to the NIOSH document Guide to the Selection and Use of Particulate Respirators Certified under 42 CFR 84 for selection and use of respirators certified by NIOSH.

Personal Protection: Wear appropriate gloves impermeable to HF, safety glasses with face shield, and lab coat/apron to avoid any direct skin contact.

Exposure Limits:

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Aluminum	10 mg/m ³	15 mg/m ³
Ammonium Acetate	20 mg/m ³	Not Available
Ammonium Chloride	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Antimony	0.5 mg/m ³	0.5 mg/m ³
Beryllium Acetate	0.002 mg/m ³	0.002 mg/m ³
Chromium	0.5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³
Magnesium	Not Available	Not Available
Manganese Acetate Tetrahydrate	0.2 mg/m ³	C 5 mg/m ³
Nickel	1.5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³
Sodium Carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
Sulfuric Acid	5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³
Titanium	Not Available	Not Available
Ammonium Metavanadate	0.05 mg/m ³	Not Available
Zinc	5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³
Nitric Acid	2 mg/kg	5 mg/m ³
Hydrofluoric Acid	C: 3 mg/ml	2.5 mg/m ³ STEL: 6 mg/ml

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Color: : Clear, colorless to light grey

Odor: Odorless to a faint pungent odor

Odor threshold: None

pH: <2

Melting point: N/A

Freezing Point: N/A

Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C

Flash point: N/A

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Evaporation rate: N/A
 Flammability: N/A
 Explosion limits: N/A
 Vapor Pressure (mm): N/A
 Vapor Density (air+1): N/A
 Relative density: (H₂O = 1): Approximately 1.0
 Solubility in H₂O: Complete
 Auto ignition temperature: N/A
 Decomposition temperature: N/A
 Molecular Weight: N/A

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Indicator: YES
 Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat and contact with combustible and other incompatible materials.
 Incompatibles: Strong reducing agents, metallic powders, strong bases, chlorine, calcium compounds, hydroxides, organic materials, strong alkali, cyanides.
 Hazardous Decomposition Products: HF and NO_x compounds including nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), nitrous oxide (N₂O) and nitric acid mist or vapor.
 Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

May affect skin, mucous membranes and eyes. Swallowing may lead to a negative effect on mouth and throat and to the risk of perforation or the corrosion of esophagus and stomach.

Beryllium and Nickel are known or investigated as possible carcinogenic substances.

RTECS#

HNO ₃ - QU5775000	HF - MW7875000
H ₂ SO ₄ -WS5600000	Al - BD0330000
NH ₄ C ₂ H ₃ O ₂ - AF3675000	NH ₄ Cl – BP4550000
Be ₄ O(C ₂ H ₃ O ₂) ₆ – DS29750000	Cr - GB4200000
Mn - AI5775000	Na ₂ CO ₃ - VZ4050000
Ni - QR5950000	Sb - CC4025000
Zn - ZG8600000	Mg-OM2100000
Ti-XR1700000	NH ₄ VO ₃ -YW08750000

Toxicity Data:

LD_{LO} Oral, Human: (Nitric Acid) 430 mg/kg
 LC_{LO} Inhalation, Human: (Hydrofluoric Acid) 50 mg/kg/30 min
 LD₅₀ Oral, Rat: (Sulfuric Acid) 2140 mg/kg
 LD₅₀ Oral, Rat: (Aluminum) >5000 mg/kg
 LD₅₀ lpr, Rat (Ammonium Acetate) 632 mg/kg
 TD_{LO} Intratracheal, Rat: (Beryllium Acetate) 13 mg/kg
 LD₅₀ Unreported Route, Rat: (Chromium) 27.5 mg/kg
 LD₅₀ Oral, Rat: (Manganese) 3730mg/kg
 LD₅₀, Intravenous, Mouse: (Nickel) 50 mg/kg
 LD₅₀, Oral, Mouse: (Sodium Carbonate) 6600 mg/kg

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LD₅₀ Oral, Rat: (Antimony) 7g/kg
LD_{LO} Oral, Duck: (Zinc) 388 mg/kg.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information: Do not allow material to reach ground water, water bodies, or sewage system. Concentrated sulfuric acid has moderate acute and chronic effects to aquatic life; however, the concentration in this product is dilute. Beryllium and its compounds are considered to have high acute and chronic toxicity to aquatic life. Beryllium is more toxic in soft water than in hard water.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

General: Follow Federal, state and local regulations for waste.

Section 14. Transport Information

D.O.T. Classification: Hazardous by IATA and 49CFR regulations (based on concentration of acid).
D.O.T. Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Nitric Acid Solution)
D.O.T. Hazard Class: 8
U.N./N.A. Number: 3264
Packing Group: II
D.O.T. Label: Corrosive (8)

Section 15. Regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive-selected regulation listed)

TSCA Status: Components of this solution are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
RCRA Status: Yes (HF -7664-39-3) (NH₄VO₃ - 7803-55-6)
SARA: Subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or SARA Title III and of 40 CFR 372
Risk Phrases: R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, skin contact, or if swallowed.
Safety Phrases: S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
WHMIS Information (Canada): E: Corrosive

Section 16. Other Information

HPS products are intended for laboratory use only. All products should be handled and used by trained professional personnel only. The responsibility for the safe handling and use of these products rests solely with the buyer and/or user. The SDS was prepared carefully and represents the best data currently available to us; however, HPS does not certify the data on the SDS. Certified values for this material are given only on the Certificate of Analysis.

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